Preparation of Na_{1-x}La_xTa_{1-x}Co_xO₃ by Spray Pyrolysis for Photocatalytic Water Splitting under Visible Light

<u>강현우</u>, 오영준, 박승빈* 한국과학기술원 (SeungBinPark@kaist.ac.kr*)

Photocatalytic water splitting by photocatalysts is one of the promising schemes to produce hydrogen from water. Among the various metal oxide semiconductor photocatalysts, NaTaO₃ was reported to one of the most efficient photocatalysts for water splitting UV light. But, visible light driven photocatalysts are strongly needed to utilize solar energy efficiently. In the present study, metal ion co-doping such as La and Co was conducted to drive visible light photocatalytic water splitting by NaTaO₃. Submicron and spherical Na_{1-x}La_xTa_{1-x}Co_xO₃ particles were prepared by spray pyrolysis at lower temperature and shorter reaction time than solid state reaction. Characteristics of Na_{1-x}La_xTa_{1-x}Co_xO₃ particles were analyzed by SEM, XRD and DRS. Hydrogen production rate from water under visible light ($\lambda > 415$ nm) was measured in a reaction system which was composed of 300 W Xe lamp, GC and batch type reactor.