Characterization and Activity of V_2O_5 /CeO₂-MgO Catalysts for Dehydrogenation of Ethylbenzene to Styrene

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A series of CeO2–MgO oxides with different molar ratio of Ce/Mg were prepared by coprecipitation method. Vanadium oxide in the range 3 – 20 wt% was impregnated on 1Ce– 9Mg–O oxide. The catalysts were characterized by N2 sorption, XRD, XPS, 51V MAS NMR, FT–IR, and TPR. Vanadium oxide was finely dispersed up to 10 wt% on 1Ce–9Mg–O support. Isolated VO4 species with vanadium atom in distorted tetrahedral coordination were observed by 51V NMR analyses. The formation of Mg3(VO4)2 which is known as non–active phase in the dehydrogenation of ethylbenzene was observed above 10 wt% V2O5/1Ce–9Mg–O. For the vanadia loading up to 10 wt% the ethylbenzene conversion and the styrene selectivity to styrene were increased to 42 and 93%, respectively, whereas above 10 wt% V2O5 the conversion decreased progressively and the styrene selectivity was still maintained.