

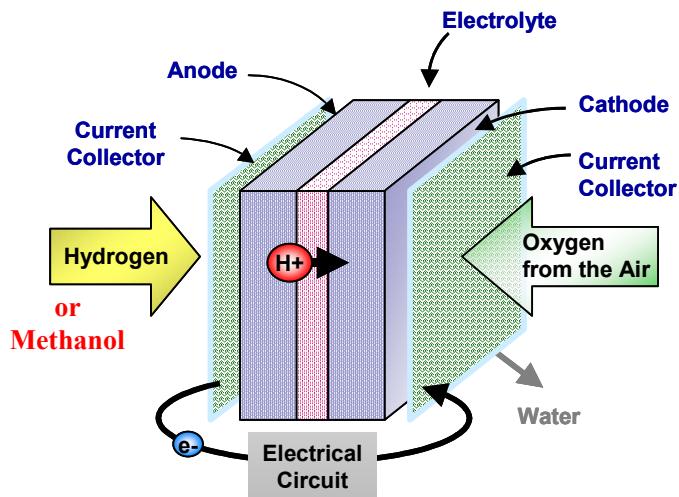
연료전지용 나노전극 소재

성영은

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Fuel Cells

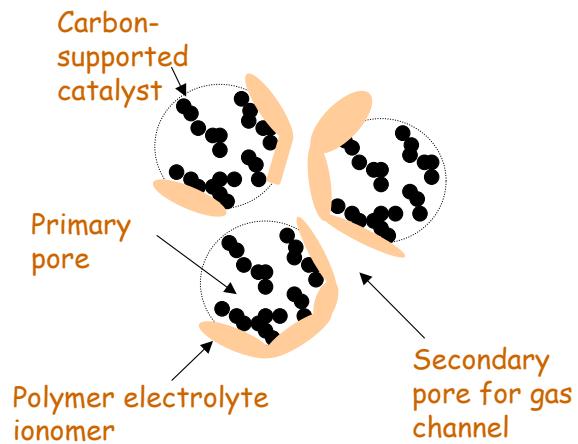


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Issues in Fuel Cell Electrode

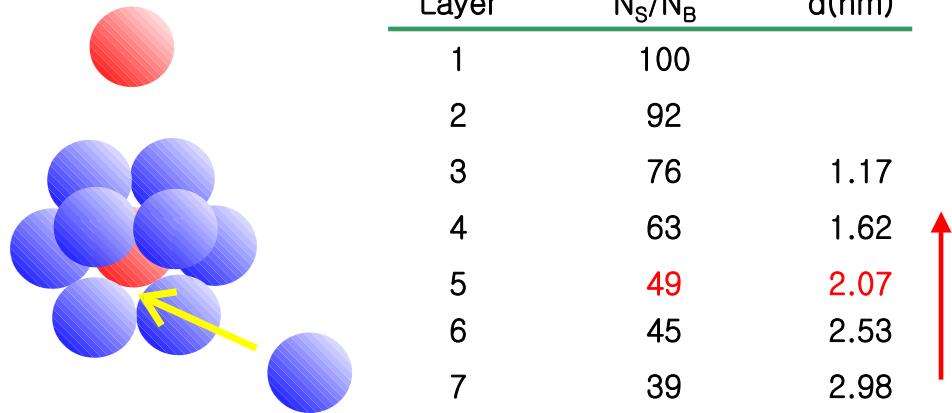
- ✓ **Nanostructure**
- ✓ **Control of chemical and electronic structure**
- ✓ **Nanoparticles vs. thin film materials**
- ✓ **Role of substrate**
- ✓ **Membrane-electrode interface & assembly**

Fuel Cell Electrode



From Atom to Nanoparticle to Bulk Material

FCC cubo-octahedra: (111) triangle +(100) squares



Preferability of Nanoparticles

| The size of Nanoparticle [nm] | # of Pt atoms per particle | Specific surface area [m ² /g] | Metal loading [mg/cm ²] |
|-------------------------------|----------------------------|---|-------------------------------------|
| 3.4 | 1362 | 82 | 1.55 |
| 3.0 | 936 | 93 | 1.26 |
| 2.5 | 542 | 112 | 1.05 |
| 2.2 | 369 | 127 | 1 |
| 2.0 | 227 | 140 | 0.9 |
| 1.7 | 164 | 170 | 0.75 |
| 1.5 | 117 | 186 | 0.68 |

Comparison of Various Nanoparticle Syntheses

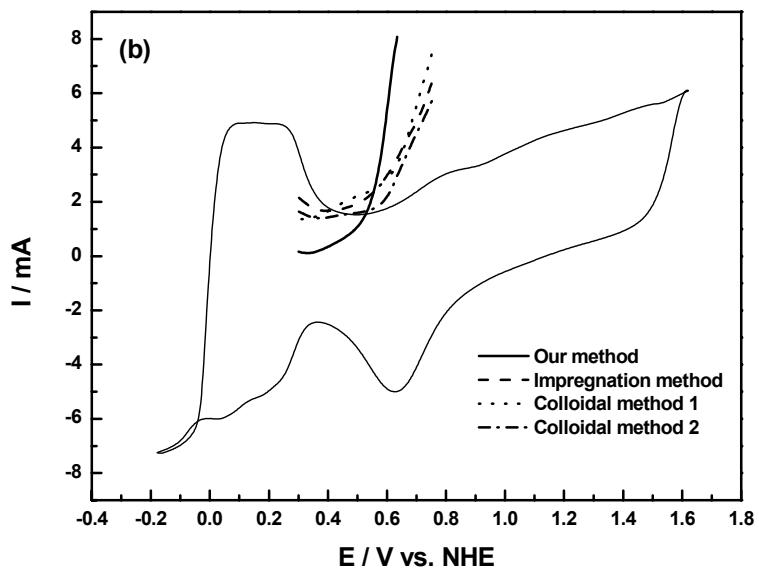
| Method | Reductant | Solvent | Average Size [nm] | Onset Potential [V vs. NHE] |
|----------------------|--|------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| E-TEK | Unknown | Unknown | 2.2 | 0.40 |
| Impregnation Method | NaBH ₄ | H ₂ O | 3~5 | 0.40 |
| Colloidal Method 1 | NOct ₄ [BEt ₃ H] | THF | 2.3 | 0.39 |
| Colloidal Method 2 | NaHSO ₃ , H ₂ O ₂ | H ₂ O | 2.2~2.5 | 0.38 |
| K-JIST Method | LiBH₄ | THF + | 1.7 | 0.37 |

J. Electrochem. Soc. 149 (2002) A1299
J. Ind. Eng. Chem. 9 (2003) 63

↑
Methanol oxidation (DMFC)
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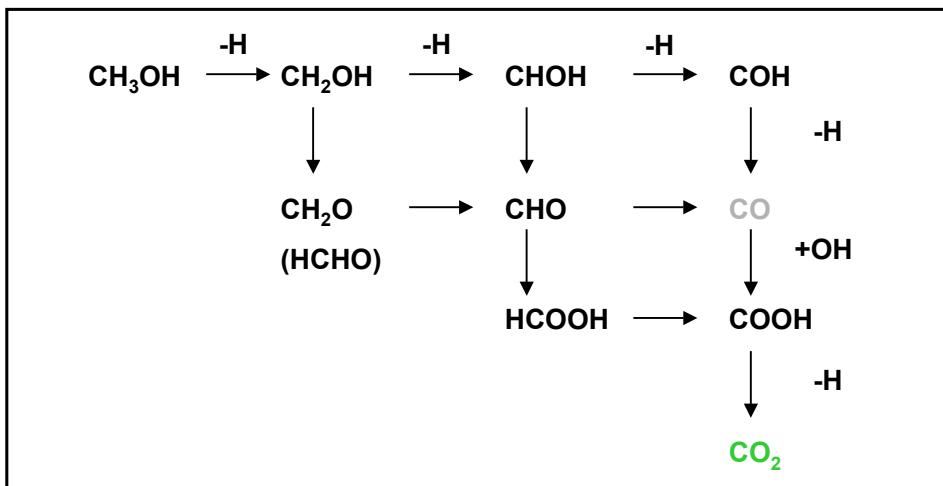
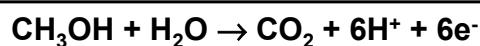
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Methanol Electrooxidation



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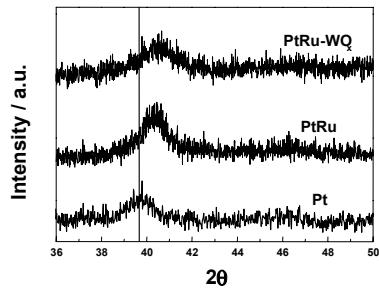
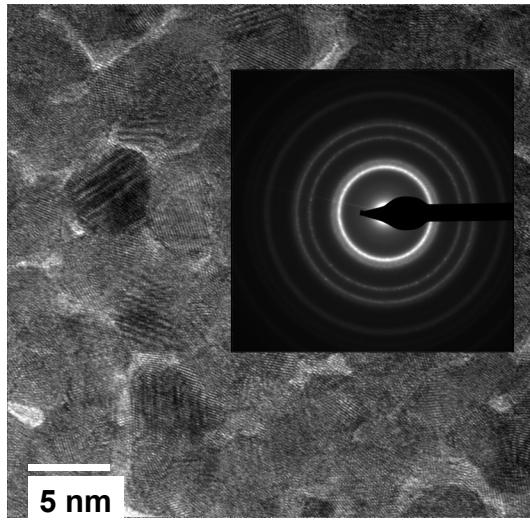
Mechanism of methanol electro-oxidation



Ref. V. S. Bagotzky, Y. B. Vassiliev, O. A. Khazora, J. Electroanal. Chem., 81 (1977) 229

S. Park, Y. Xie, M. J. Weaver, Langmuir, 18 (2002) 5798

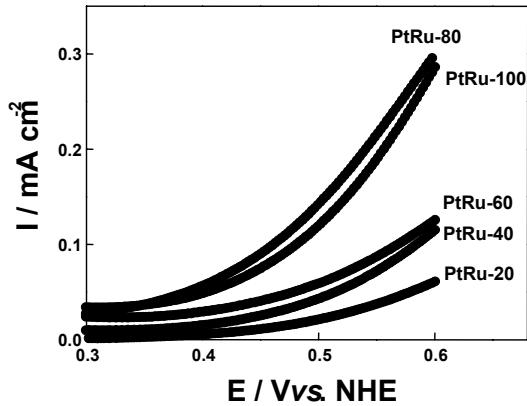
PtRu-WO₃ Nanocomposite Nanocomposite



✓ PtRu nanophase of 5 nm in size in amorphous tungsten oxide

Appl. Phys. Lett., 82 (2003) 1090.

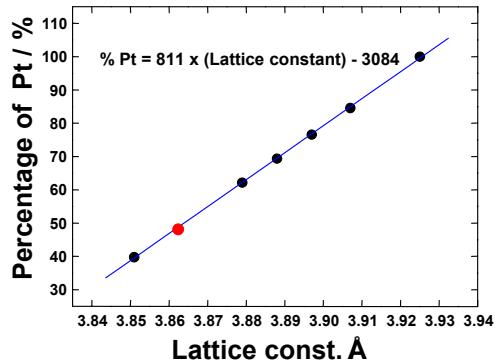
Pt/Ru alloy thin-film electrodes



- ✓ Pt/Ru(60:40) > (40:60) > (75:25) > (80:20) > (95:5) ~ pure Pt

Pt/Ru Alloy Thin-Film Electrodes

XRD analysis : Alloy formation with various composition

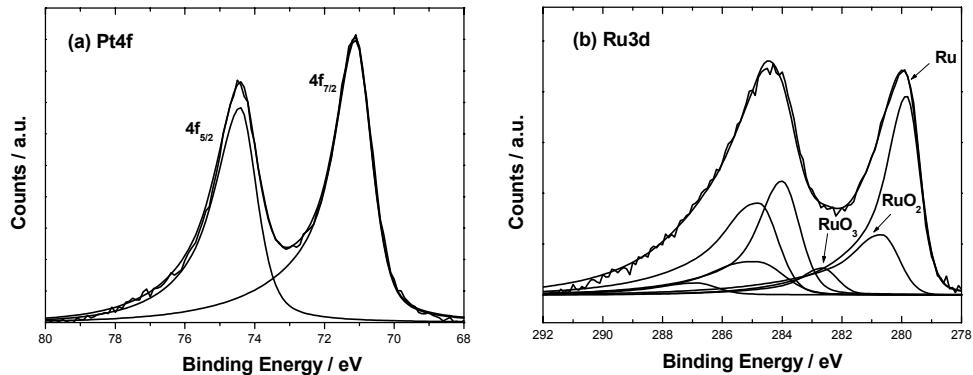


| Pt/Ru | a (Å) | % Pt |
|--------------------------------------|--------------|--------------|
| Pt | 3.925 | 100 |
| PtRu-20 | 3.907 | 84.56 |
| PtRu-40 | 3.897 | 76.56 |
| PtRu-60 | 3.888 | 69.36 |
| PtRu-80 | 3.879 | 62.16 |
| PtRu-100 | 3.851 | 39.76 |
| PtRu (50:50) nanoparticle | 3.862 | 48.08 |

Solid line: H. A. Gasteiger group, Surf. Sci. 293 (1993) 67.

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Surface analysis of PtRu nanoparticle by XPS



- Pt contains **metallic state only** while Ru consists of various **oxidative**
- (RuO_2 and RuO_3) as well as **metallic states**

J. Phys. Chem. B 106 (2002) 1869, 104 (2000) 3518

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Comparison of Chemical States: Ru

PtRu(1:1)

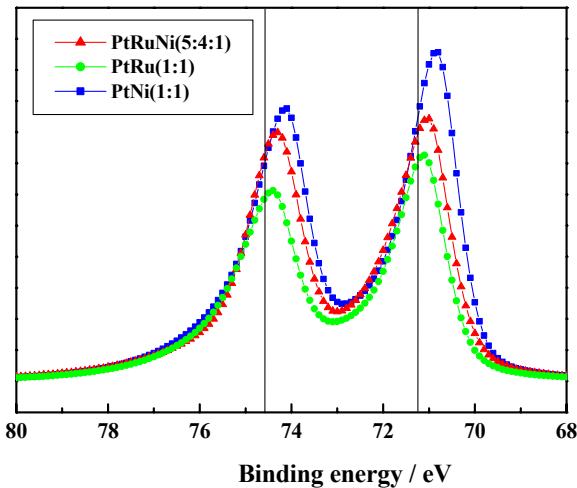
| | XPS area ratio (%) | | |
|------------------|--------------------|-------|---------|
| | Disk-type | ~5 nm | ~1.7 nm |
| Metallic Ru | 80.0 | 62.6 | 40.5 |
| RuO ₂ | 14.0 | 28.5 | 23.1 |
| RuO ₃ | 6.0 | 8.9 | 36.4 |

XPS: 2–3 nm depth

J. Electrochem. Soc. 150 (2002) A1299

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Electronic Effect of Nanoparticles



► Pt 4f peak shift to lower BE

PtNi ~ 0.4 eV

PtRuNi ~ 0.2 eV

PtRu ~ 0.09 eV

■- Modified Pt : Au-like?

- CO binding energy *

Ir > Pt > Au

2.22 1.76 0.37 eV

Why?

- Electron transfer of 2nd metals to Pt

- Electronegativity

Ni(1.92) < Ru(2.2) < Pt(2.28)

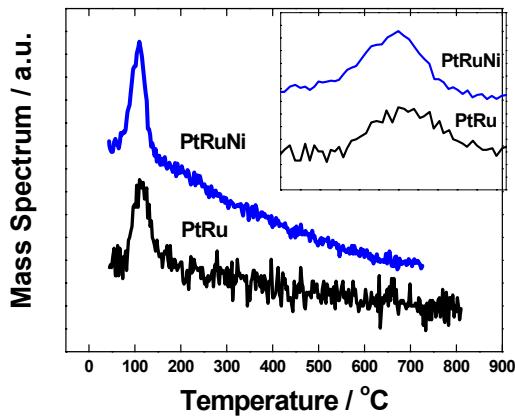
J. Phys. Chem. B (2002)

화학공학의 이론과 응용 제10권 제2호 2004년

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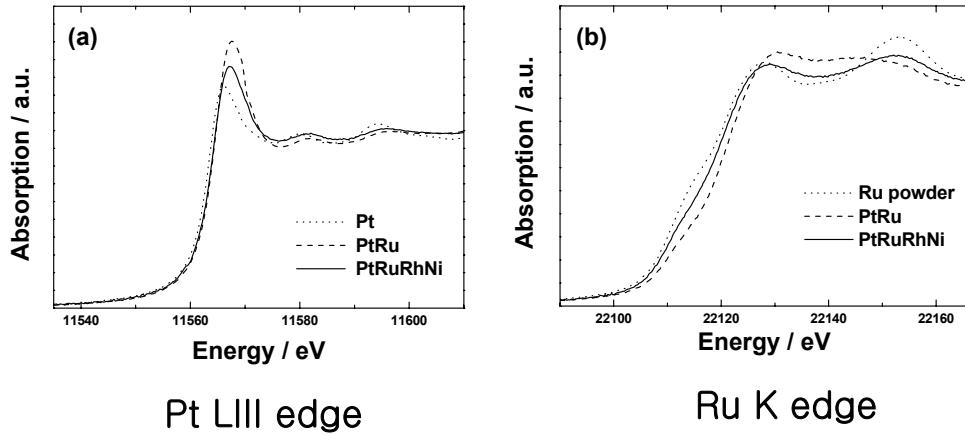
Pt-based Alloy Nanoparticles

Temperature-programmed desorption (TPD) of CO

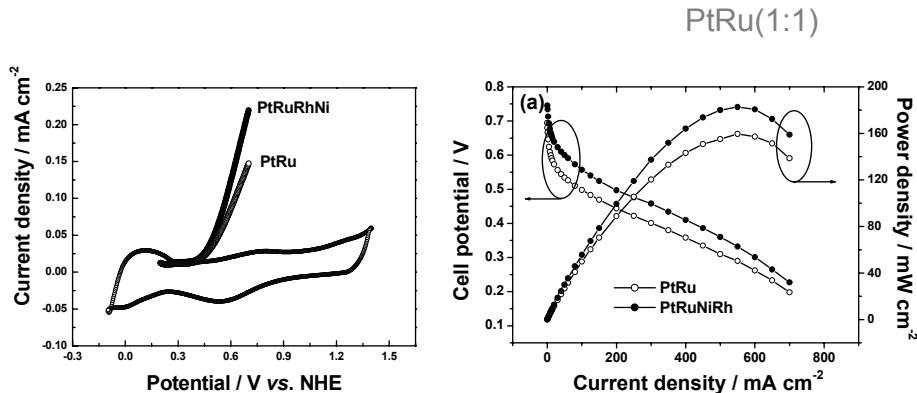


- ✓ Binding energy of the adsorbed CO by TPD spectrum ~ XPS Pt4f peak shift
: Pt/Ru/Ni(383 K) < Pt/Ru(388 K) < Pt (400K).
- ✓ The shift of d electron density from Ni to Pt would reduce the Pt-CO bond energy.

XANES Spectra



XRD & TEM for alloy nanoparticles

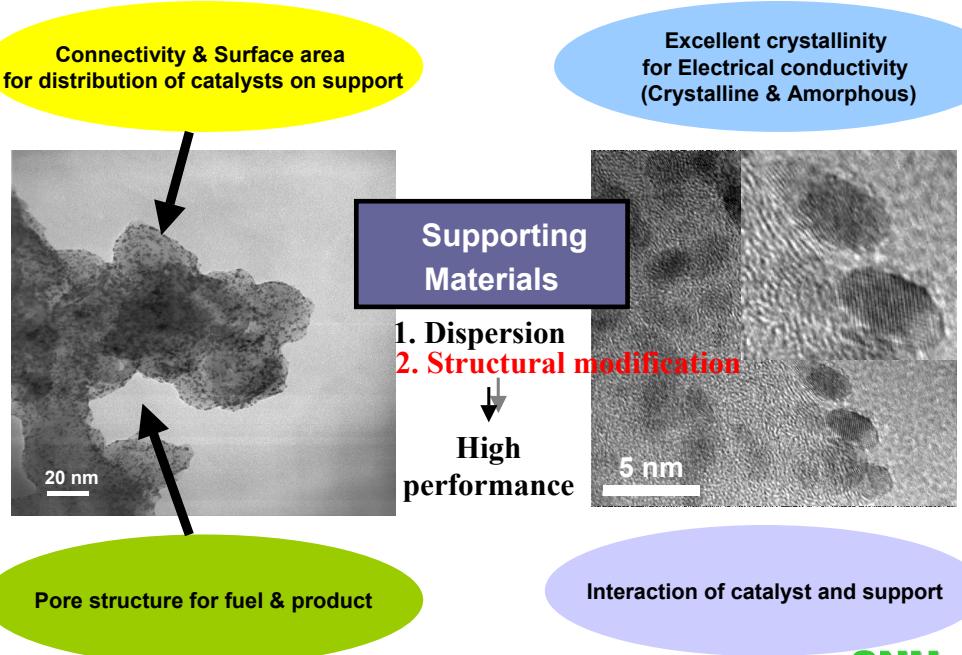


Pure Pt: 39.8°
PtRu: 40.5°

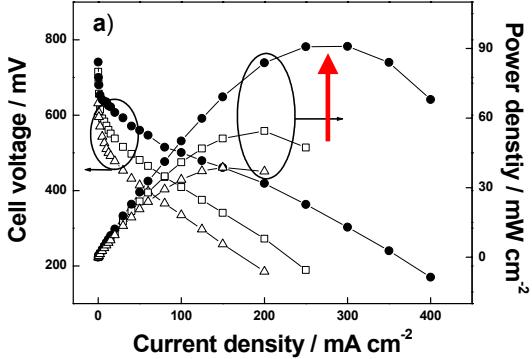
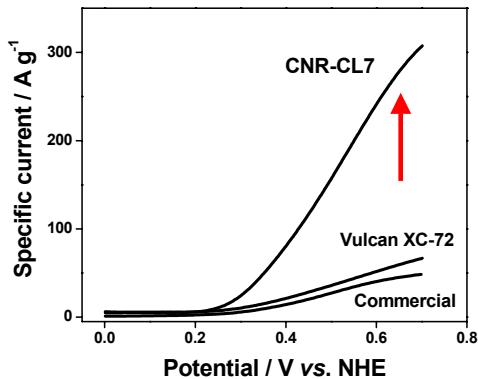
(111) plane
Pure Pt: 0.228 nm
PtRu: 0.224 nm

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Carbon-supported Catalysts



Carbon Nanocoil as a Support (collaboration with Prof. Hyeon in SNU)



- ✓ Methanol oxidation: **6 times higher** than Vulcan XC-72 or commercialized electrode materials
- ✓ **Twice higher DMFC performance** at room temperature

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Modified Membrane for High Concentration Fuels

Electrochem. Comm. 5 (2003) 571.

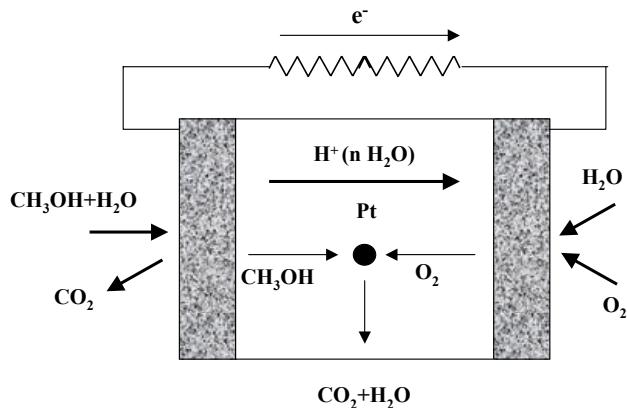
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Modification of Nafion: Nanocomposite

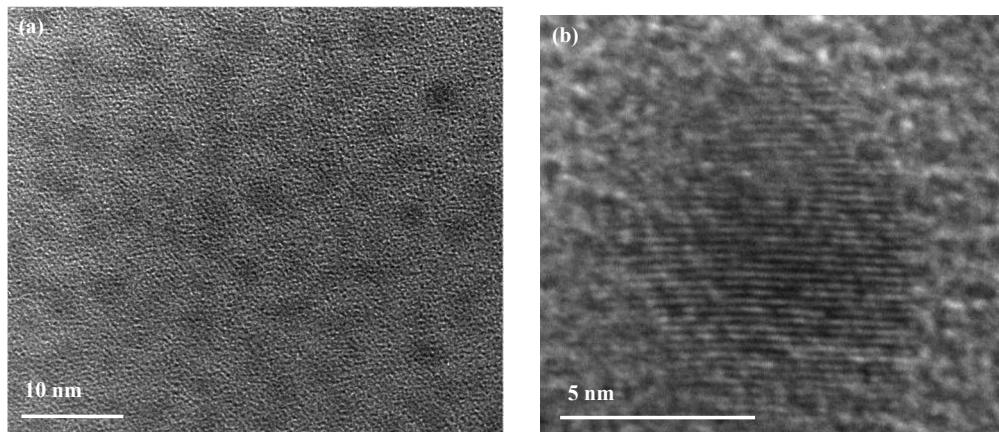
Dispersion of platinum nanoparticles in Nafion

- oxidizing methanol at the Pt
- Reduce of amount of methanol reaching the cathode



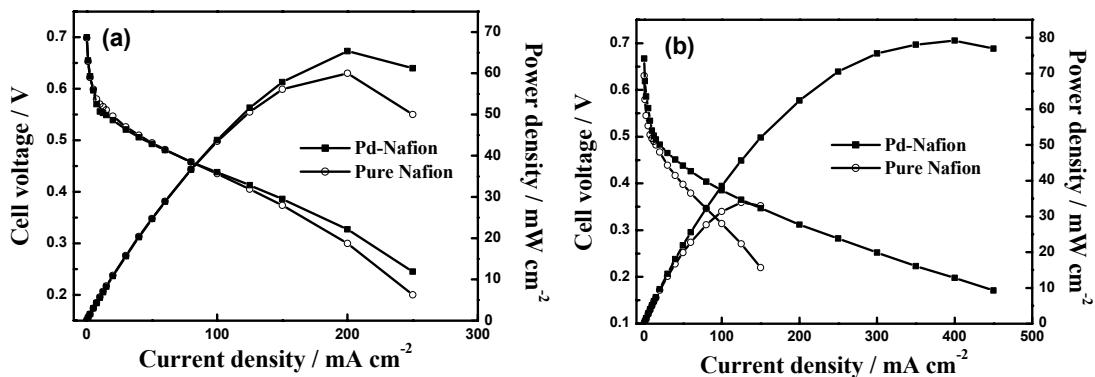
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Pd Nanoparticle in Nafion



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MeOH crossover issue: Pd Nanoparticle in Nafion



Polarization curves Pd-Nafion and pure Nafion at 30 °C using (a) 2 M and (b) 10 M methanol as a fuel.

High Efficient Fuel Cell Electrode Design

- ✓ Nanoparticle Size & Distribution
- ✓ Role of Chemical & Electronic Structure
- ✓ Substrate Materials & Their Roles
- ✓ Thin Film Technologies for Fuel Cells
- ✓ Electrode-membrane Interface
- ✓ Methanol Crossover Tolerance