

Chap 8.

8-1

(hydrodynamic entry region)

가 가

가

8.1

$u_{\max} = u_{\text{avg}}$ 가

$u_{\max} = 2u_{\text{avg}}$ 가

(thermal entry region)

가

가

$$T_m(z) = \frac{\int_A uT dA}{\int_A u dA}$$

$$T_m(z) = \frac{\int_0^R uT 2\pi r dr}{\int_0^R u 2\pi r dr} = \frac{\int_0^R uT 2\pi r dr}{u_m \pi R^2} \quad u_m = \frac{\int_0^R u 2\pi r dr}{\int_0^R 2\pi r dr}$$

$$u_m = \frac{1}{2} u_{\max}$$

Chap. 7

$$q = k \left. \frac{dT}{dr} \right|_{r=R} = h(T_w - T_m)$$

$$h = - \frac{k}{(T_m - T_w)} \left. \frac{dT}{dr} \right|_{r=R}$$

가 .

가가

가 .

$$\Delta T_1 = (T_w - T_m) \Big|_{z=0},$$

$$\Delta T_2 = (T_w - T_m) \Big|_{z=L},$$

log

(log-mean temperature

difference;LMTD)

$$\Delta T_{\ln} = \frac{\Delta T_1 - \Delta T_2}{\ln(\Delta T_1 / \Delta T_2)}$$

Moody

Fanning

가 .

$$f_M = 4f_F$$

$$f_M = \frac{64}{\text{Re}}$$

$$f_F = \frac{16}{\text{Re}}$$

D

Nu, Re, Pr 가
Chap.7

8-2

$$u(r) = u_m \left[1 - \left(\frac{r}{R} \right)^2 \right], \quad u_m = \frac{R^2}{4\mu} \left(-\frac{\Delta P}{L} \right), \quad u_{\text{avg}} = \frac{1}{2} u_m$$

$$f_M = \frac{2|\Delta P| D}{\rho u_{\text{avg}}^2 L}, \quad f_F = \frac{|\Delta P| D}{2\rho u_{\text{avg}}^2 L}$$

$$f_M = \frac{64}{\text{Re}}, \quad f_F = \frac{16}{\text{Re}}$$

가

$$h = -\frac{k}{(T_m - T_w)} \frac{dT}{dr} \Big|_{r=R} = -k \frac{d\theta}{dr} \Big|_{r=R}$$

$$u \frac{\partial T}{\partial z} = \alpha \left(\frac{1}{r} \frac{\partial}{\partial r} \left(r \frac{\partial T}{\partial r} \right) \right)$$

$$u(r) = 2u_{\text{avg}} \left[1 - \left(\frac{r}{R} \right)^2 \right]$$

(1) 가

$$\text{Nu} = \frac{hD}{k} = 4.364$$

(2) 가

$$\text{Nu} = \frac{hD}{k} = 3.66$$

	Nusselt	8-1
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$$D_h = \frac{4A_c}{P}$$

A_c :

P :

8-3

and/or 가
가 .

$$\text{Gz}^{-1} = \frac{z/D}{\text{Re Pr}}$$

Nusselt Re, Pr, Gz 가 . Nusselt

8-5, 8-6, 8-7, 8-8, 8-9

Gz가 가 z
 가 Pr > 100 Pr → ∞
 가 Pr → ∞

8-4

$$f_M = 0.184 Re^{-0.2}, f_M = 4f_F$$

Chap. 7 Reynolds-Colburn 가

$$St_x Pr^{2/3} = \frac{1}{2} f_F$$

$$St = \frac{Nu}{Pr Re}$$

$$Nu = \frac{0.184}{8} Re^{0.8} Pr^{1/3} = 0.023 Re^{0.8} Pr^{1/3}$$

Dittus-Boelter

$$Nu = 0.023 Re^{0.8} Pr^n$$

n 가 0.3, 0.4.

** Reynolds-Colburn

Sieder-Tate

$$Nu = 0.027 Re^{0.8} Pr^{1/3} \left(\frac{\mu_b}{\mu_w} \right)^{0.14}$$

Petukhov

$$Nu = \frac{Re Pr}{X} \left(\frac{f_F}{2} \right) \left(\frac{\mu_b}{\mu_w} \right)^n$$

$$X = 1.07 + 12.7 \left(Pr^{2/3} - 1 \right) \left(\frac{f_F}{2} \right)^{1/2}$$

n 가 0.11, 0.25.

Reynolds-Colburn

$$Nu \propto Re^{0.8}$$

가

D

_____ 가 가 ,

가

가 .

Reynolds-Colburn

가

8-5

Prandtl

0.02~0.03

Prandtl 가

. Prandtl 가

(8-41) ~ (8-47)