Aromatization of mixed light hydrocarbons over Zn-impregnated zeolite catalysts

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Recently the conversion of light hydrocarbons to highly value—added aromatic compounds has been intensively investigated. In this study, mixed light hydrocarbons were used as the feed gas for the production of aromatics. The catalytic activity of Zn-impregnated ZSM-5 catalysts were evaluated. The textural properties and acidities of the zeolite catalysts were characterized by XRD, N_2 physisorption, FESEM, TEM-EDS, NH_3 -TPD, pyridine absorbed FTIR, and ICP-OES analyses. In addition, XPS was conducted for the identification of state of Zn species. The Zn impregnation of 1 wt% led to the increased aromatics yield compared to HZSM-5. When the Zn impregnation increased to 2 wt%, however, the carbon conversion and aromatics yield decreased. The feed gas with the composition of decreased H_2 content was also tested. The total carbon conversion increased but the aromatics yield decreased.