

Colorimetric detection of hydrogen peroxide and glucose based on MnFe₂O₄ – graphitic carbon nitride nanocomposites with intrinsic peroxidase-like activity

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In this study, manganese ferrite oxide – graphitic carbon nitride (MnFe₂O₄/g-C₃N₄) nanostructure is facile fabricated by hydrothermal method at 200 °C. The as-synthesized MnFe₂O₄/g-C₃N₄ nanocomposites used as an effective peroxidase mimics to catalyze the oxidation of the substrate 3,3',5,5'-tetramethylbenzidine (TMB) in the presence of H₂O₂ to produce a blue-colored solution with a maximum absorbance at 652 nm. Investigations on the kinetics indicate that the MnFe₂O₄/g-C₃N₄ catalytic behavior follows Michaelis-Menten kinetics and a ping-pong mechanism. The calculated kinetic parameters show the high affinity of composite for both the substrate TMB and H₂O₂, which are better than other peroxidase mimicking nanomaterials and even the natural enzyme horseradish peroxidase. Moreover, by cooperated with glucose oxidase, this developed assay can detect glucose with a linear range of 1 μM to 2 mM glucose concentration with no significant interference species. It is expected that MnFe₂O₄/g-C₃N₄ become a great potential material to be a powerful tool for the detection of glucose in the future.