

Feasibility study of the use of industrial by-product for application to chemical looping hydrogen production

이도연, 조원철<sup>†</sup>, 서명원, 김창희, 조현석  
한국에너지기술연구원  
(mizkee@kier.re.kr<sup>†</sup>)

The chemical looping strategy for hydrogen production (CLH<sub>2</sub>) offers a potentially viable option for efficient fuel conversion to hydrogen with the simultaneous capture of CO<sub>2</sub>. Typically, this process uses an iron-based composite as an oxygen carrier and syngas or methane as a fuel. The environmental and economic concerns motivate the use of abundant by-product iron oxide and the industrial off-gas for CLH<sub>2</sub>. Here we showed that H<sub>2</sub> could be simply recovered from the industrial off-gas in a circulating fluidized bed with a mixture of the inexpensive raw material of by-product iron oxide and sand particle. The fluidization of the by-product iron oxide powder, which showed poor fluidization behavior, is improved by adding 60 vol% of sand particle. The industrial off-gas was completely converted to CO<sub>2</sub> and H<sub>2</sub>O in a two-stage fluidized mode with a solid reactant of Fe<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub> of the binary particles, and then H<sub>2</sub> was produced by oxidizing the reduced by-product iron oxide powder with steam. The binary particles showed consistent catalytic activity under multiple redox cycles by providing macropores with a size of ~5 μm which facilitated gas diffusion.