

Development of BaTiO<sub>3</sub>/CoFe<sub>2</sub>O<sub>4</sub> thin films for functional magnetoelectric devices

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Magnetoelectric effect coexisting ferroelectric and ferromagnetic orders has recently been attracted due to potential applications such as magneto-electric or electro-magnetic functional sensors, transducers, actuators even drug delivery systems. In particular, 2-2 nanostructures were found to exhibit strong magnetoelectric values of 6 V/cm·Oe at resonance frequency of 90 kHz. However, 2-2 magnetoelectric thin films less than 1 μm thickness possessed clamping effect between thin films and substrates, which can be a limitation of effective piezoelectric bending.

In this study, BaTiO<sub>3</sub>/CoFe<sub>2</sub>O<sub>4</sub> films with cylinder/matrix system were successfully developed to minimize clamping effect in magnetoelectric thin films. First, vertically aligned BaTiO<sub>3</sub> nanotubes were synthesized with mean diameter of 100 nm and wall distance of 50 nm via two-step Ti anodization and topochemical reaction. Then, BaTiO<sub>3</sub>/CoFe<sub>2</sub>O<sub>4</sub> films were prepared by sol-gel coating of CoFe<sub>2</sub>O<sub>4</sub> with pyrolysis. This research was supported by Basic Science Research Program through the National Research Foundation of Korea (NRF) funded by the Ministry of Education (2016R1C1B1010884).