

## Solid Acid Catalyst Prepared by Modifying TiO<sub>2</sub> with Cerium Sulfate for Acid Catalysis of Volatile Organic Chemicals

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An environmentally friendly solid acid catalyst, Ce(SO<sub>4</sub>)<sub>2</sub>/TiO<sub>2</sub> was prepared simply by modifying TiO<sub>2</sub> with Ce(SO<sub>4</sub>)<sub>2</sub> for acid catalysis of volatile organic chemicals, 2-propanol and cumene. The characterization of prepared catalysts was performed using FTIR, XRD, and DSC. The surface area of 7-Ce(SO<sub>4</sub>)<sub>2</sub>/TiO<sub>2</sub> calcined at 300 °C was very high (206.0 m<sup>2</sup>/g) compared to that of unmodified TiO<sub>2</sub> (115.2m<sup>2</sup>/g) due to the interaction between Ce(SO<sub>4</sub>)<sub>2</sub> and TiO<sub>2</sub>. 7-Ce(SO<sub>4</sub>)<sub>2</sub>/TiO<sub>2</sub> containing 7 wt% Ce(SO<sub>4</sub>)<sub>2</sub> and calcined at 300 °C exhibited maximum catalytic activities for both reactions, 2-propanol dehydration and cumene dealkylation. The catalytic activities for both reactions were correlated with the acid amounts of catalysts measured by an ammonia chemisorption method. The asymmetric stretching frequency of the S=O bonds for Ce(SO<sub>4</sub>)<sub>2</sub>/TiO<sub>2</sub> catalysts was related to the acidic properties and to the catalytic activity for acid catalysis of volatile organic chemicals, 2-propanol and cumene.