Novel Ion Conducting Materials Based on Poly(ethylene oxide) and Lithium Montmorillonite

<u>강진영</u>, 김 석, 이성구, 박수진* 한국화학연구원 (psjin@krict.re.kr*)

A single ion conductor with a cationic conduction can be realized by incorporation of the anion into the polymer chain. In this work, composite polymer electrolytes (CPEs) comprising of a poly (ethylene oxide) (PEO)–LiClO4 complex dispersed with Li–MMT were described. The results of the studies based on transmission electron microscopy (TEM), X–ray diffraction (XRD), differential scanning calorimetry (DSC), and impedance analysis were presented and discussed. As a result, a gradual decrease in the degree of crystallinity and in the size of the PEO spherullites was observed, as Li–MMT was added. The reduction in Tm of the CPEs due to interaction between the added Li–MMT and lithium cation seemed to be a main reason for the initial increase of the ionic conductivity with the increase in the Li–MMT. Also, the CPEs showed a conductivity of one order magnitude higher than that of the PEO/LiClO4 system as a consequence of the decrease in crystallinity after heating.