

Perturbed Hard Chain Theory

Prigogine (1957)

. Flory (1965) Prigogine

. Flory

Prigogine

가

zero density

perturbed hard-sphere theory ()

Prigogine () , 1975 Beret

Prausnitz

가 perturbed hard-

chain theory (PHCT)

가 , 가

Prigogine Flory

가

PHCT

$$Q = \frac{V^N}{N! \Lambda^{3N}} \left(\frac{V_f}{V} \right)^N \left[\exp\left(\frac{-\phi}{2kT} \right) \right]^N (q_{r,v})^N$$

$q_{r,v}$

. V_f

1972 Carnahan Starling

hard sphere

$$V_f = V \exp \left[\frac{(\tau/\tilde{v})(3\tau/\tilde{v}-4)}{(1-\tau/\tilde{v})^2} \right]$$

PHCT

$$Z = Z(\text{hard chain}) - \frac{a}{RTV}$$

a Alder (1972) 가 square-well

$$Z = 1 + c \frac{4(\tau/\tilde{v}) - 2(\tau/\tilde{v})^2}{(1-\tau/\tilde{v})^3} + \left(\frac{\epsilon q}{kTV} \right) (rv^0) \sum_{n=1}^4 \sum_{m=1}^M \left(\frac{mA_{nm}}{\tilde{v}^{m-1}} \right) \left(\frac{1}{\tilde{T}^{n-1}} \right)$$

$(rv^0, (\epsilon q/k), c)$

PVT

. 1978 Donohue Prausnitz

PHCT

$$Q = \frac{V^N}{N! \Lambda^{3N}} \left[\frac{V_f}{V} \exp \left(\frac{-\phi}{2ckT} \right) \right]^{N_c}$$

. Kaul (1980)

Henry

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. Liu Prausnitz

(1979,1980)

가

Carnahan- Starling

Alder

Simplified Perturbed Hard Chain Theory

Kim (1986) Lee (1985) local composition model

PHCT (SPHCT) .

$$Z = 1 + c \left(Z^{rep} - Z_m \frac{V^* Y}{V + V^* Y} \right)$$

$$Z^{rep} = \frac{4\eta - 2\eta^2}{(1 - \eta)^3}, \quad Y = \exp\left(\frac{T^*}{2T}\right) - 1$$

가 Peters(1988) 가

, 1991,1992 Van Pelt

. 1991 1995 Ponce-Ramirez

Plackov .

Perturbed Anisotropic Chain Theory

Vimalchand (Vimalchand Donohue, 1985; Vimalchand ,1986) PHCT
 anisotropic multipolar force Perturbed Anisotropic

Chain Theory (PACT) . anisotropic dipole
 quadrupolar force .

PACT .

$$Z = 1 + Z^{rep} + Z^{iso} + Z^{ani}$$

Attractive Lennard-Joned anisotropic interaction Barker-Henderson (1967)

$$Z^{iso} = \left[Z_1^{LJ} + Z_2^{LJ} - Z_1^{LJ} \left(\frac{A_2^{LJ}}{A_1^{LJ}} \right) \right] / \left(1 - \frac{A_2^{LJ}}{A_1^{LJ}} \right)^2$$

A Helmholtz .

$$\frac{A_1^{LJ}}{NkT} = \frac{c}{\tilde{T}} \sum_m \frac{A_{1m}}{\tilde{v}^m}$$

$$\frac{A_2^{LJ}}{NkT} = \frac{c}{\tilde{T}^2} \sum_m \frac{C_{1m}}{2\tilde{v}^m} + \frac{C_{2m}}{\tilde{v}^m} + \frac{C_{3m}}{2\tilde{v}^{m+2}}$$

Anisotropic multipolar interaction Gubbins Twu (1978)

. (Gubbins Twu (1978))

$$Z^{ani} = \left[Z_2^{ani} + Z_3^{ani} - Z_2^{ani} \left(\frac{A_3^{ani}}{A_2^{ani}} \right) \right] / \left(1 - \frac{A_3^{ani}}{A_2^{ani}} \right)^2$$

$$\frac{A_2^{ani}}{NkT} = -12.44 \frac{cJ^{(10)}}{\tilde{T}^2 \tilde{v}}$$

$$\frac{A_3^{ani}}{NkT} = 2.611 \frac{cJ^{(15)}}{\tilde{T}^3 \tilde{v}} + 77.716 \frac{cK}{\tilde{T}^3 \tilde{v}^2}$$

Vimalchand (1986)

Associated Perturbed Anisotropic Chain Theory

Ikonomou Donohue (1986) PACT

Associated Perturbed Anisotropic Chain Theory (APACT)

isotropic , dipole quadrupole

anisotropic ,

(Ikonomou Donohue ,1988)

$$Z = 1 + Z^{rep} + Z^{att} + Z^{assoc}$$

$$Z^{assoc}$$

. (Ikonomou Donohue, 1986, Economou

Donohue, 1991,1992)

$$Z^{assoc} = \frac{n_T}{n_0} - 1$$

n

Z^{rep}, Z^{att} Vamalchand (1985,1986) Economou (1995)

1992, Economou Donohue 3

가

. Smits (1994)

. Economou (1995)

water-salt

salt

dipole-dipole